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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/893,827		06/28/2001 Susan T. I		MS150905.1	5232
27195	7590	06/14/2005		EXAMINER	
AMIN & T		•	GODDARD, BRIAN D		
1900 EAST	•	ONAL CITY CENTI TREET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	

2161
DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Astrono	09/893,827	DUMAIS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Brian Goddard	2161					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day;  will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 M	arch 2005.						
<u> </u>							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-27,29-39 and 41</u> is/are pending in	the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	• •						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-27,29-39 and 41</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 June 2001</u> is/are: a)	□ accepted or b) □ objected to	by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
<ul> <li>Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti</li> <li>11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex</li> </ul>		• •					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
<u> </u>		4.0					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received	•					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior							
application from the International Bureau	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.					
Attachment(s)							
I) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/29/05.	5)  Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)					
S. Patent and Trademark Office	tion Cum	A ( D ) . (1					

### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. This communication is responsive to the Amendment filed 24 March 2005.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-27, 29-39 and 41 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 27 and 39 are independent claims. In the Amendment filed 24 March 2005, claim 41 was amended. This action is made Final.

### Claim Objections

3. Claim 41 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 41 recites, "The system of claim 1, a signal adapted to be transmitted between at least two processes comprises...." The sentence structure of this claim is incomplete, as there is no transition between the preamble and the body. That is, the "signal" is completely disembodied from the "system" as currently written. A transition must be inserted such that the signal is embodied as part of the system somehow. The examiner assumes that "wherein" should be inserted before "a signal..." else some other appropriate correction be made. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. Claims 1, 3-4, 6-13, 15-27, 29-39 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,567,805 to Johnson et al.

Referring to claim 1, Johnson discloses an information retrieval system as claimed. See Figures 1-4 and the corresponding portions of Johnson's specification for

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this disclosure. In particular, Johnson teaches "an information retrieval system, comprising:

a hierarchical analysis component [Search System 123] that receives a query [See step 201] and processes probabilities [confidence levels or scores] associated with N categories [See e.g. Fig. 3], each category having one or more topics [subcategories], N being an integer;

an interactive component [Dialog Manager 121] that provides feedback [interactive dialog] derived from the query and the probabilities associated with the N categories and the one or more topics [See Fig. 2 (Step 204) and Summary of the Invention, etc.], the feedback being utilized to determine [See Fig. 2 (Step 205)] at least one category [dialog categorization] of the N categories to facilitate retrieval of at least one of the one or more topics; and

an automatic classifier construction component [Text Categorizer 122] that builds a top-level classifier [rule (See Fig. 4)] for the N categories [for each category in the hierarchy] and a sublevel classifier [rule (See Fig. 4)] for each category of the one or more topics [for each sub-category in the hierarchy] associated with the N categories" as claimed.

Referring to claim 3, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 4, lines 1-5 of Johnson's specification for the details of this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's classifiers are provided by at least one of a decision tree, similarity-based and Bayesian-based classification model as claimed.

Referring to claim 4, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 4, lines 5-7 and column 8, lines 19-38 of Johnson's specification for the details of this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's automatic classifier construction component [Text Categorizer 122] employs a learning model [machine learning model (in general), symbolic rule induction (in preferred embodiment)] to build the classifiers as claimed.

Referring to claim 6, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 4 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson teaches the system of claim 4, as above, "further comprising a data structure [Rule File 407] that includes a mapping [See column 8, lines 30-34] of I possible queries ['features in the text' (of the queries)] and one or more associated topics [category or categories], I being an integer, to enable learning for the classifiers" as claimed.

Referring to claims 7 and 8, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. Again, see Figure 4 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's data structure [Rule File 407] is centrally located [See Fig. 4] and is updated via at least one of implicit and explicit user actions [See column 8, lines 24-30] as claimed.

Referring to claim 9, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figures 2-4 and the corresponding portions of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's first classifier [Rule Applier 406] is employed to

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drive the sublevel classifiers at run time [See steps 204-205] to form a hierarchical classification structure [(of categories) See Fig. 3] as claimed.

Referring to claim 10, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 2 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, the query and the first classifier "are employed to determine [Step 205] the most likely of the N categories" as claimed.

Referring to claim 11, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 2 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson teaches the system of claim 10, as above, "further comprising a context disambiguation component [not numbered] that utilizes the query and the first classifier to determine the feedback [Step 204]" as claimed.

Referring to claim 12, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. Again, see Figure 2 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. Johnson teaches the system of claim 11, as above, "wherein the context disambiguation component utilizes the query and the feedback to drive the sublevel classifiers in order to determine a desired topic [Step 205]" as claimed.

Referring to claim 13, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 4 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's disambiguation component further comprises a presentation component [User Interface Manager 401] for interfacing to a user and an analytical component [Session Manager 402] to facilitate feedback and decision-making related to the feedback [See above] as claimed.

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Referring to claim 15, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 9, lines 18-35 of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's analytical component includes a decision analysis [dialog categorization] for determining the nature and quantity of a clarification dialog as claimed.

Referring to claim 16, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 2 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's analytical component includes a computation [Step 205] of the value of information [confidence levels and scores] associated with feedback gained during a clarification dialog [dialog categorization] to guide the nature and quantity of the clarification dialog as claimed.

Referring to claim 17, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figures 2 & 4 and the corresponding portions of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's analytical component employs a rule-based policy [406] that controls if and how dialog is invoked based on the distribution of probabilities [confidence levels] assigned to topics [sub-categories] at one or more layers of a classification scheme [hierarchy] as claimed.

Referring to claims 18 and 19, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 2 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's analytical component analyzes [Steps 204-205 & 207] probabilistic weights [confidence levels and scores] associated with each

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category and related subtopic [confidence levels] and spread across each category and subtopic [scores] for determining feedback and presentation to the user as claimed.

Referring to claim 20, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 7 for the details of this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's presentation component includes a ranked display of most likely N categories ['a list of relevant categories (ranked by confidence level)' (Column 2, lines 3-4)] as claimed.

Referring to claim 21, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 7 for the details of this disclosure.

Johnson teaches the system of claim 20, as above, "wherein at least one of the most likely N categories [See claim 20 above] is selected [See column 2, lines 4-7] to provide a ranked display of one or more topics as claimed.

Referring to claims 22 and 23, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See the Field of the Invention description in column 1, lines 6-13 for this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's information retrieval system is a network-based [online] help system as claimed.

Referring to claim 24, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See column 4, lines 5-7 and column 8, lines 24-25 for the details of this disclosure. In particular, Johnson's probabilities [confidence levels] are determined via a hand-crafted analysis [constructed by hand] as claimed.

Referring to claim 25, Johnson discloses the information retrieval system as claimed. See Figure 3 and the corresponding portion of Johnson's specification for this

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disclosure. Johnson teaches the system of claim 1, as above, further comprising L levels [hierarchical levels] of N categories, each category having one or more topics [sub-categories], wherein L and N are integers as claimed.

Claim 26 is rejected on the same basis as claim 1. See the discussion regarding claim 1 above for this disclosure.

Claims 27 and 29 are rejected on the same basis as claims 1 and 3 respectively.

See the discussions regarding claims 1-3 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claim 30 is rejected on the same basis as claim 6, in light of the basis for claim 29 above. See the discussions regarding claims 1-6 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claims 31 and 32 are rejected on the same basis as claim 8, in light of the basis for claim 30 above. See the discussions regarding claims 1-8 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claims 33-36 are rejected on the same basis as claims 9-12 respectively, in light of the basis for claim 28 above. See the discussions regarding claims 9-12 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claim 37 is rejected on the same basis as claim 15, in light of the basis for claim 27 above. See the discussion regarding claim 15 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claim 38 is rejected on the same basis as claim 17, in light of the basis for claim 35 above. See the discussion regarding claim 17 above for the details of this disclosure.

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Claims 39 and 41 are rejected on the same basis as claim 1. See the discussion regarding claim 1 above for the details of this disclosure.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson.
 Johnson's learning model is not explicitly associated with a Support Vector

Machine employing Sequential Minimal Optimization (SMO) to train the classifiers as claimed. However, Johnson does state that any system that assigns categories to data containing text (classifier) could be used in the system and could be trained by any machine learning technique. See column 4, lines 1-7 of Johnson's specification for this disclosure. This provides direct suggestion for modifying Johnson's system to include other classifiers, such as support vector machines, trained by other machine learning techniques, such as SMO.

The examiner takes Official notice that support vector machines trained by sequential minimal optimization were classifiers of common practice in the art at the time the invention was made. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement a support vector machine employing sequential minimal optimization as a classifier within Johnson's system because of Johnson's direct suggestion as provided above, and further because of the well-known benefit of SMO as a faster training system than most others.

6. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,835,087 to Herz et al.

Johnson's analytical component does not explicitly include a cost-benefit analysis considering the cost of the dialog with the information value of the dialog as claimed.

Herz discloses a system and method similar to that of Johnson, employing a cost-benefit analysis to consider the cost of interaction with a user compared to the benefit of information gathered. See column 41, line 51 – column 45, line 17 of Herz' specification for this disclosure.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Herz' cost-benefit analysis functionality to Johnson's system so as to consider the cost of the dialog with the information value of the dialog to obtain the invention as claimed. One would have been motivated to do so in order to maximize the relevance of retrieved information (benefit) while minimizing the usage of system resources (cost), as was a common desire of the art.

### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 24 March 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Referring to applicants' remarks on page 9 regarding the Section 101 rejection of claim 41. Applicants argued that claim 41, as amended to depend from claim 1, recites statutory subject matter.

The examiner agrees, assuming correction of the informality listed above.

Referring to applicants' remarks in general, applicants filed a Declaration under 37 C.F.R. §1.131 in attempt to show reduction to practice of the claimed invention prior to the effective date of Johnson, thus removing Johnson as an available prior art reference against the claims.

The 37 C.F.R. 1.131 Declaration filed 24 March 2005 is ineffective to overcome the Johnson reference for at least the following reason: The evidence submitted with the Declaration does not show that the claimed invention was reduced to practice in accordance with the standards of Section 112, first paragraph. Specifically, the limitation "the feedback being utilized to determine at least one category of the N categories to facilitate retrieval of at least one of the one or more topics" (recited in each of the independent claims) is not found within the Declaration or its corresponding evidence. In the Declaration itself, applicants have made no mention of this feature and have not indicated where the evidence shows this feature and its reduction to practice within the claimed invention as a whole. After thorough consideration of the evidence, the examiner has not found this feature to be reduced to practice, and therefore concludes that reduction to practice of the claimed invention as a whole has not been shown. For at least the above reasons, the Declaration does not meet the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.131. The examiner is unconvinced, and the rejection is maintained.

Moreover, should applicants' believe that the evidence submitted with this

Declaration does show reduction to practice of each and every limitation of the claimed invention, the evidence in question raises substantial questions of patentability under

Sections 102 (a), (b) and (f) due to the lack of continuity in inventorship of the instant

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application and authorship of this evidence. Namely, co-inventor Eric Horvitz is not party to any of the evidence showing features of the invention, while other authors (namely and primarily Hao Chen) are clearly party to the documentary evidence, but are not named as inventors in the instant application. The examiner intends to pursue these issues further if applicants do in fact show the reduction to practice of the aforementioned feature by the evidence in question.

#### Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Specifically, the prior art cited herewith shows publication of content shown Exhibits A and C attached to applicants' Declaration filed 24 March 2005.
- 9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brian Goddard whose telephone number is 571-272-

4020. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9 AM - 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on 571-272-4023. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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bdg

08 June 2005

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